and the following figures give the amount raised in each class in 1889 and 1890:—

			1889.	1890.
Revenue	raised	by taxation	\$30,613,523	\$31,587,072
"	66	from other sources $\dots$	8,169,347	8,292,853
		Total	\$38,782,870	\$39,879,925

Receipts from taxation in Canada.

171. As compared with the preceding year, there was an increase, in 1890, in receipts from taxation of \$973,549, and an increase from other sources of \$123,506; and of the total revenue, 79.21 per cent. was derived from taxation, as against 78.47 per cent. in 1888 and 78.93 per cent. in 1889. The receipts from taxes being derived solely from Customs and Excise duties, it follows, in the absence of any extreme increase in the tariff, that the more prosperous the country, and the larger its trade, the greater will be the amount derived from taxation, and as the largest part of the revenue is obtained in this manner, in the years of the largest revenues the amount of taxation per head of population will also be found to be largest. It will be seen, however, that in 1883, when the amount derived from taxation was \$2,317,374 less than in the year under review, the amount paid per head was 39 cents more, and it will also be noticed that the proportion of revenue raised by taxation in these days of a protective tariff is not so large as it was in the years when a revenue tariff was in force.

Amount raised by taxation 1868-1890.

172. The following table gives the amount raised by taxation in each year since 1st July, 1867, also the average amount of such taxation paid per head of population, and the proportion of total revenue:—